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# **Specification confirmation**

Product name	LiFePO4 battery pack
Product model	FPLi12.87.0
Customer code	
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### 1. Scope

This specification describes the basic performance, technical requirement, testing method, warning and caution of Li- ion rechargeable battery. The specification only applies to Shenzhen All Technology Co., Ltd

#### 1.1 Application Scope

"General specification of lithium-ion battery for celluar phone" GB/T 18287-2013.

" Lithium ion cells and batteries used in portable electronic equipments — Safety requirements" GB 31241-2014

Electrotechnical terminology - Primary and secondary cells and batteries "GB/T 2900.41-2008

#### 2. Product Pict



### 3. Basic parameters of battery

Battery Model	IFR32700/7000mAh
Battery pack	4S1P
Size (L*W*H)mm	151x65x100mm



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Weight (kg)	≤1.8Kg	
Battery Rated Capacity (0.2C)	7Ah	
Battery Rated Voltage	12.8V	
Rated Power	89.6Wh	
Operating Voltage Range	10-14.6V	
Battery Type	LiFePO4	
Standard Charge	CC/CV	
Standard charging current	1.2A (0.2C)	
Continuous Charging Current (Max.)	10A (1.6C)	
Standard discharge current	1.2A(0.2C)	
Continuous Discharge Current (Max.)	10A (1.6C)	
Peak Discharge Current	15A(2S)	
Internal Resistance (mΩ)	≪45 mΩ	
Storage Temperature	Standard Charge: -20°C~40°C Within 6 months: -20-35°C	
Storage Humidity	10%~90% RH	
Shipping Voltage	12V~13V	
Charging Temperature	-20~70°C	
Discharge Temperature	-20~75°C	
Power consumption	≤100uA	
Discharge cut-off voltage	10V	
Cooling Mode	Natural Cooling	
Waterproof Level	IP65	
Battery Cycle Life	3000 times (standard charge and discharge)	
	Temperature : 23±5°C	
Standard Environmental Condition	Humidity : 45-75%RH	
	Atmospheric Pressure : 86-106 KPA	

### 4. Battery pack Materials BOM (Main material)



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Part Name	QTY	Description	Remarks
Cell	1	IFR32700	
PCM	1	JBD-ZP04S005-L4S-10A- 10A-B-T	
Shell	1	Case size: 151x65x100mm	

### 5. BMS Protection Parameters

Function	Project		Specification		Unit
Function	Project	MIN	TYP	MAX	Omt
	Overvoltage protection voltage	3.70	3.75	3.80	V
Cell Overvoltage Protection	Overcharge protection delay time	500	1000	1500	mS
	Overcharge protection restores voltage	3.55	3.60	3.65	V
	Over-discharge protection voltage	2.10	2.20	2.30	V
Cell Over-discharge	Over-discharge protection delay time	500	1000	1500	mS
protection	Over-discharge protection recovery voltage	2.50	2.60	2.70	V
	Over-discharge protects recovery conditions	The voltage recovers or the charge resumes			ge resumes
	Charge overcurrent protection value	5	10	15	A
Charging overcurrent protection	Charging overcurrent delay	500 1000 1500		mS	
	Charging overcurrent discharge conditions	Automatic recover after a delay of 32S			y of 32S
	1st Overcurrent Discharge	13	20	27	A
Overcurrent Discharge	1st Overcurrent Discharge delay	500	1000	1500	mS
	2nd Overcurrent Discharge	13	20	27	A



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	2nd Overcurrent	500	1000	1500	mS
	Discharge delay	300	1000	1300	IIIS
Overcurrent Discharge Release		Auto	matic recovery	after a delay o	of 32S
	Short protect testing volage	0.4	0.5	0.6	V
	Short circuit protection delay time	100	300	500	uS
Short Circuit Discharge	Short circuit protection recovery	Recover	r after 5S delay	after disconne ad	cting the
	Short circuit description: s the maximum value may of more than 1000A, there	cause short circ is no guarante	cuit protection f	failure, short ci	rcuit curren
Discharge high	Temperature protection value	70	75	80	°C
temperature protection (external)	Temperature protection release value	43	53	63	°C
Discharge Low	Temperature protection value	-25	-20	-15	°C
Temperature protection (external)	Temperature protection release value	-15	-10	-5	°C
High temperature charging protection	Temperature protection value	70	75	80	°C
(external)	Temperature protection release value	43	53	63	°C
Low temperature charging protection	Temperature protection value	-15	-10	-5	°C
(external)	Temperature protection release value	-10	-5	0	°C
FET discharge high temperature protection	Temperature protection value	85	90	95	°C
(built-in curing)	Temperature protection release value	50	65	80	°C
	Balanced opening voltage	3.45	3.5	3.55	V
	Opening voltage difference		15		mV
Balanced function	Balanced current	40		65	mA
	Balanced mode	(	Charge Balance	/Static Balanc	e
	Balanced type	Tin	ne-sharing Bala	nce/Pulse Bala	ance

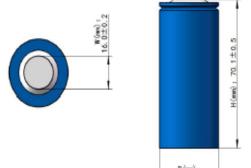


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### 6. Cell technical parameters

No.	Item		Parameter	Remark
	Nominal Capacity		7Ah	(
1	Typical Voltage		3.2V	(25±2)°C, Standard charge and discharge
	AC Impedance Resistance(1KHz)		≤13mΩ	discharge
2	Dimension	Diameter	32.5 ±0.3mm	
	Dimension	High (total)	70.2±0.3mm	
3	Battery weight		158g±4.0g	

### 7. 2D diagram of the cell



### 8. Electrical performance

No.	Item	Requirements	Measuring Procedure
1	Rate Discharge Performance at 25°C	Discharge capacity/nominal capacity×100%  A) 0.5CA ≥100%  B) 1.0CA ≥98%	After standard charge and 1h rest, discharge to 10V cutoff with the current of 0.5C(A), 1.0C(A), respectively. If the discharge capacity fails to meet the technical requirements, this test is allowed to be repeated three times
2	Discharge Performance at different temperature	Discharge capacity/nominal capacity×100% A)55°C 1.0C≥95% B)-20°C 1.0C≥70%	Measure the initial capacity and state of the battery: A) after standard charge and 5h restate $55^{\circ}$ C, discharge to $10V$ cutoff with the current of $1.0C(A)$ ; B) after standard charge at $25\pm2^{\circ}$ C and 4h rest at $-20^{\circ}$ C $\pm2^{\circ}$ C, discharge to $8V$ cutoff with the current of $1.0C(A)$ .



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3	Capacity Retention and Capacity Recovery at 25℃	Capacity Retention≥95% Capacity Recovery≥97%	Measure the initial capacity and state of the battery, after standard charge and stored for 28 days, discharge to 10V cutoff with the current of 0.5C(A), calculate the remaining capacity, the retention can be expressed as a percentage of nominal capacity. After standard charged and 30mins rest, calculate the discharging capacity (Ah), the recovery can be expressed as a percentage of nominal capacity. The recovery is measured with discharge current 0.5CA with10V cut-off at (25±2)°C.
4	Cycle Life at 25°C	≥3000 cycle @1.0C/1.0C	Under the 200kgf clamp, after standard charged and 30mins rest, discharge to 10V cutoff with the current of $1.0C$ (A) at $(25\pm2)$ °C, and then start the next cycle, end with the capacity decreasing to 80% of the initial capacity. The number of cycles is defined as the cycle life of the battery.
5	Cycle Life at 35°C	≥1800 cycle @1.0C/1.0C	Under the 200kgf clamp, after standard charged and 30mins rest, discharge to 10V cutoff with the current of 1.0 C (A) at (35±2) °C, and then start the next cycle, end with the capacity decreasing to 80% of the initial capacity. The number of cycles is defined as the cycle life of the battery.
6	Cycle Life at 45°C	≥800 cycle @1.0C/1.0C	Under the 200kgf clamp, after standard charged and 30mins rest, discharge to 10V cutoff with the current of 1.0 C (A) at (45±2) °C, and then start the next cycle, end with the capacity decreasing to 80% of the initial capacity. The number of cycles is defined as the cycle life of the battery.
7	End of life management	capacity/nominal capacity <70%	During the use of the battery, the battery shall be stopped when the end of life regulations is exceeded.

### 9. Use warning

In order to use and handle the battery safely, please read the operating instructions carefully before use

- Do not expose the battery to the sun or throw it in a fire.
- When charging the battery, the positive and negative polarities cannot be reversed.
- Do not short-circuit the positive and negative poles of the battery pack with wires or other metal objects!
- Do not pierce the battery pack housing with nails or other sharp objects, and do not hammer or pedal the battery pack!



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- Do not disassemble or deform the battery.
- Do not immerse the battery in water.
- Never place the battery pack in a microwave oven or pressure vessel!
- Do not use the battery pack in an extremely hot environment, such as in direct sunlight or in a car on a hot day. Otherwise, the battery pack will overheat, which will affect performance and shorten the life of the battery pack.
- Do not mix batteries of different manufacturers, types and models.
- Do not allow children to touch the battery.
- If the battery pack emits odor, heat, deformation, discoloration or any other abnormal phenomenon, do not use it. If the battery pack is in use or charging, immediately remove it from the car (electrical appliance) or charger and stop using it!
- If the electrolyte gets into the eyes after the battery leaks, do not wipe it, flush it with water immediately, and seek medical assistance immediately. If it is not handled in time, the eyes will be injured!

### Charge and discharge

- The battery must be charged under suitable conditions.
- Never charge the battery with a faulty charger.
- The battery can't be charged continuously for more than 24H.
- Do not charge the battery pack in the presence of fire or extreme heat! Do not use or store battery packs near heat sources such as fire or heaters! If the battery leaks or emits peculiar smell, immediately move it away from the open flame. When using the battery for the first time, fully charge the battery before using it.
- During the charging and discharging process of the battery pack, if there is an odor or abnormal sound, please stop charging and discharging immediately.
- The ambient temperature will affect the discharge capacity. When the ambient temperature exceeds the standard environment (25±5°C), the discharge capacity will be reduced!

#### **Storage**

• The battery is stored in a ventilated and dry environment.

#### **Disposal**

• The laws and regulations of different countries are different, and the disposal should be based on the local laws and regulations.

### 10. Battery operation instruction

#### 10.1 Charging

Charging current: The maximum charging current specified in the specification cannot be exceeded.

Charging voltage: cannot exceed the highest limit voltage specified in the specification.



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Charging temperature: The charging temperature of the battery must be performed in accordance with

the temperature ranges of the specification. Charge in constant current and then in constant voltage mode, and

reverse charging is prohibited. It is dangerous to charge the battery with the polarity reversed.

10.2 Discharging current

The discharge current of the battery cannot exceed the maximum discharge current specified in the specification.

Excessive current discharge will cause the battery to heat up and reduce its capacity.

10.3 Discharge temperature

The battery discharge temperature must be performed within the temperature range of the specification.

10.4 Over-discharges

Short-term overcharge and over-discharge will not affect the use of the battery, but long-term over-discharge will

affect the function of the battery, and the battery will be permanently unsuitable. Another reason why the battery may be

over-discharged is the disappearance of automatic energy. The way to prevent battery over-discharge is that the battery

should maintain a certain amount of power.

10.5 Storage battery

The battery is stored within the temperature range specified in the specification. If the battery is stored for more than

six months, it is recommended that you start charging the battery.

11. Other The Chemical Reaction

Since the battery uses the principle of chemical reaction, the performance of the battery will decrease with time,

even if it is stored for a long time without use. If the conditions of use such as charging, discharging and ambient

temperature are not within the specified range of use, the service life of the battery will also be shortened, or liquid leakage

will result in equipment damage. If the battery cannot be charged for a long period of time, even if the charging method is

correct, the battery needs to be replaced.

Note:

Matters not included in this manual shall be determined by mutual agreement.